

Introduction to Nonlinear Dynamics

Santa Fe Institute
Complex Systems Summer School
June 2017

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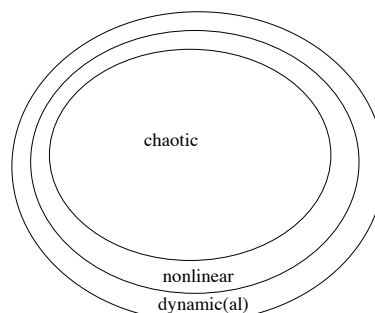


<http://ayresriverblog.com>

Chaos

Complex behavior, arising in a deterministic nonlinear dynamic system, which exhibits two special properties:

- sensitive dependence on initial conditions
- characteristic structure...



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Systems that exhibit chaos are ubiquitous; many of them are also simple, well-known, and “well-understood”

Where nonlinear dynamics turns up

- Flows (of fluids, heat, ...)
- Eddy in creek
- Weather
- Vortices around marine invertebrates
- Air/fuel flow in combustion chambers



Where nonlinear dynamics turns up

- Driven nonlinear oscillators

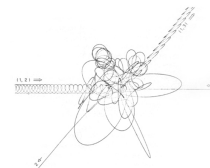
- Pendula
- Hearts
- Fireflies



- and lots of other electronic, chemical, & biological systems

Where nonlinear dynamics turns up

- Classical mechanics
 - three-body problem
 - paired black holes
 - pulsar emission
 -



Hut & Bahcall *Ap J*, 268:3/9

- Protein folding
- Population biology
- And many, many other fields (including yours)

- discrete time systems:

- time proceeds in clicks
- “maps”
- modeling tool: difference equation

- continuous time systems:

- time proceeds smoothly
- “flows”
- modeling tool: differential equations



A useful graphical solution technique

- “cobweb” diagram
- aka return map
- aka correlation plot

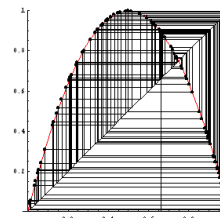
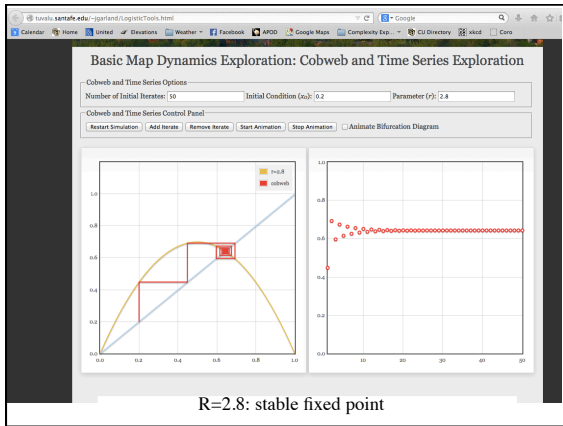


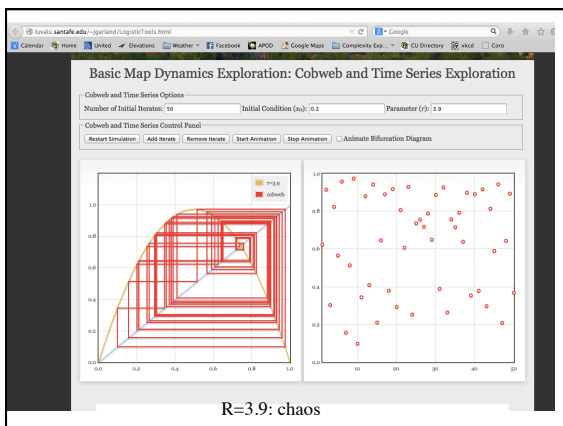
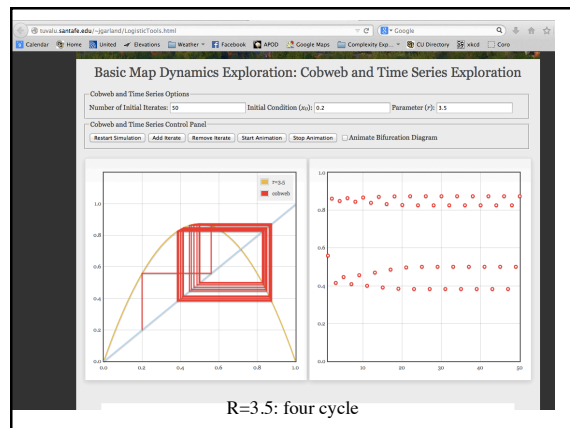
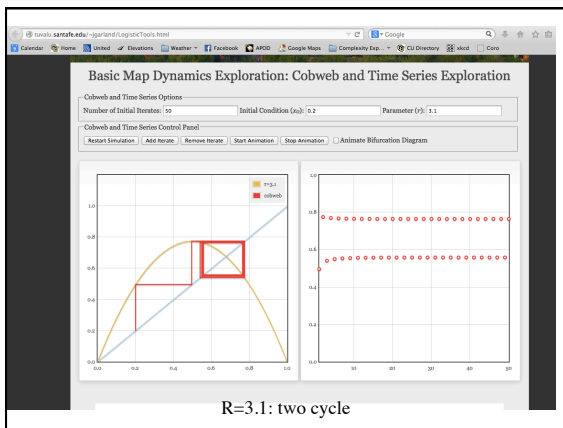
Image from Doug Ravenel's website at URochester



Bifurcations

Qualitative changes in the dynamics caused by changes in parameters:

- Heart: pathology
- Eddy in creek: water level
- Olfactory bulb: smell
- Brain: blood chemicals
- Logistic map: R parameter...



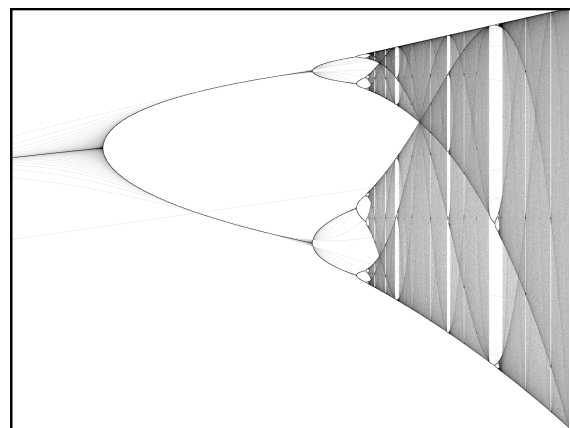
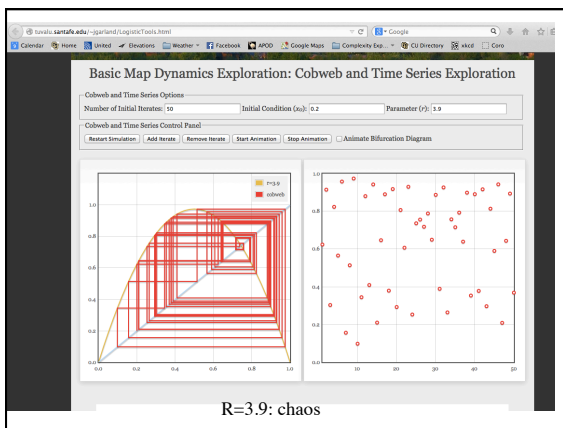
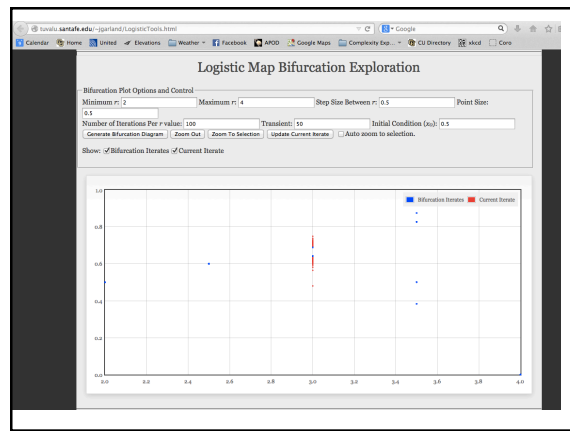
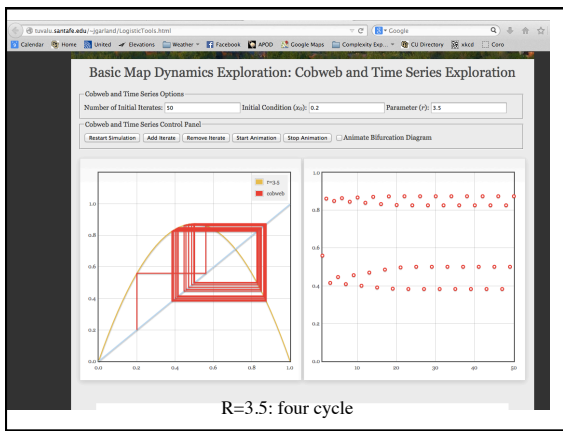
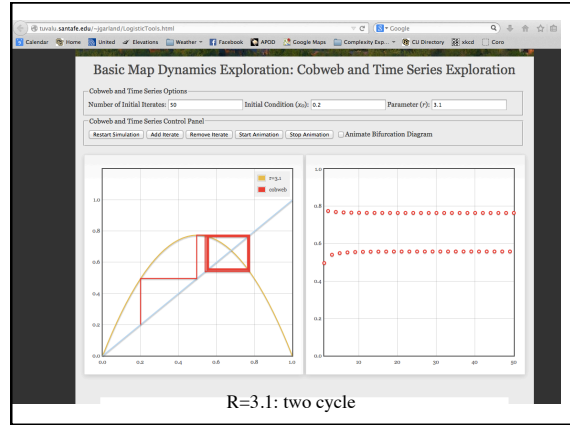
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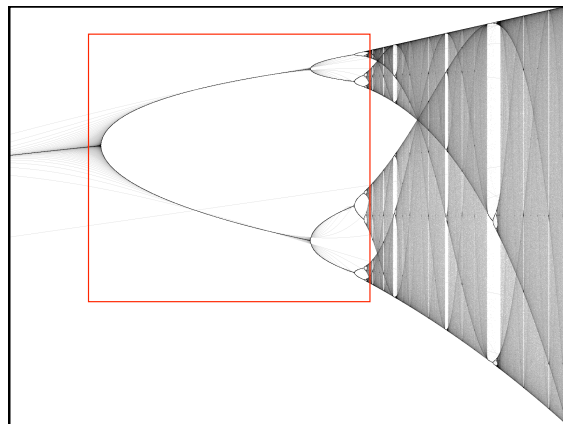
- sensitive dependence on initial conditions **SDOIC**
- characteristic structure...

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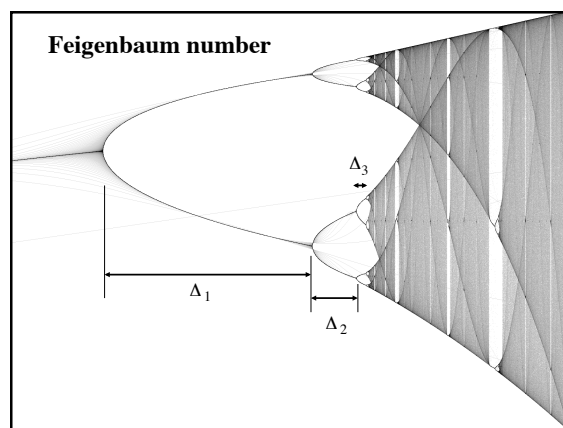
Showing all of that on one plot: the “bifurcation diagram”...



- chaos
- veils/bands: places where chaotic attractor is dense



- chaos
- veils/bands: places where chaotic attractor is dense (UPOs)
- *period-doubling cascade @ low R*

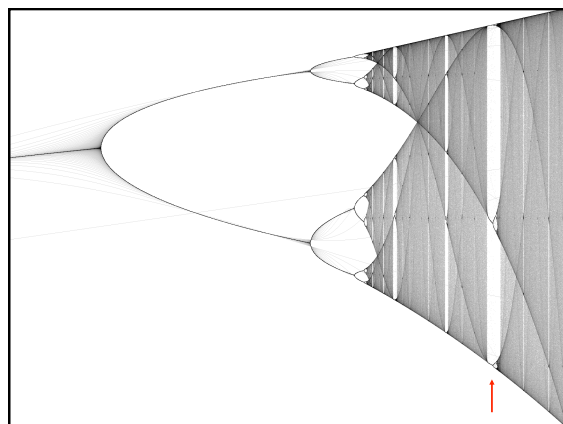


Universality!

Feigenbaum number and many other interesting chaotic/dynamical properties hold *for any 1D map with a quadratic maximum*.

Proof: renormalizations. See Strogatz §10.7

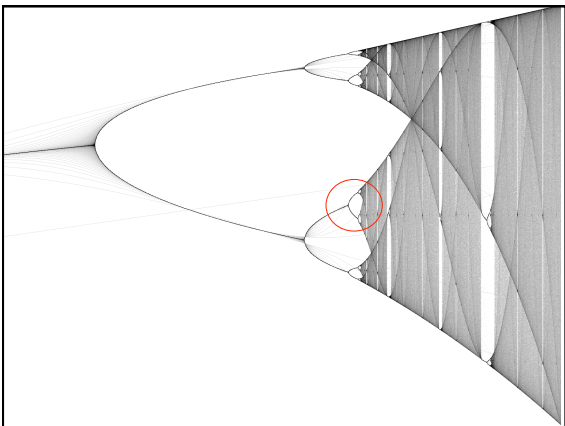
Don't take this too far, though...




- chaos
- veils/bands: places where chaotic attractor is dense (UPOs)
- period-doubling cascade @ low R
- *windows of order within the chaos, complete with their own period-doubling cascades (e.g., 3 to 6 to 12)*

There's something very special about 3...


- Sarkovskii (1964)
3, 5, 7, ... 3×2 , 5×2 , ... 3×2^2 , 5×2^2 , ... 2^2 , 2, 1
- Yorke (1975)
- Metropolis *et al.* (1973)



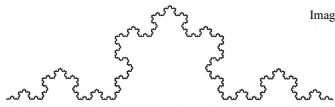
- chaos
 - veils/bands: places where chaotic attractor is dense (UPOs)
 - period-doubling cascade @ low R
 - windows of order within the chaos, complete with their own period-doubling cascades (e.g., 3 to 6 to 12)
 - *small copies of object embedded in it (fractal)*
- (lots of other interesting stuff, too — e.g., Misiurewicz points)
- 

Fractals

- non-integer Hausdorff dimension
- self-similar

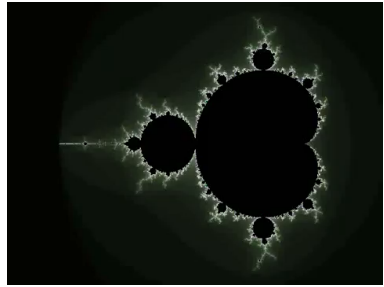


Images from Gleick




Canonical example: the Cantor set!

Another canonical example: the Mandelbrot set



www.youtube.com/watch?v=G_GBwuYu00s


Fractals basins and basin boundaries



Newton's method on $x^4 - 1 = 0$

From Strogatz

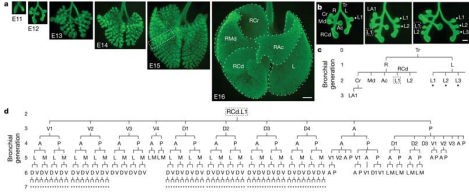
Fractals in the wild



paulbourke.net/fractals/googleearth/

See also: coastlines, trees, lungs, clouds, snowflakes ...

~23 generations of branches in the mammalian lung

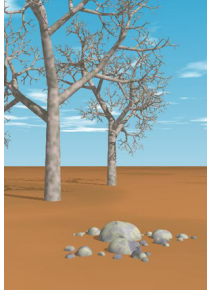


2²³ ~ 8 million branching events!
how does the epithelium fold 8 million times?

Metzger et al, Nature, 2008

Slide courtesy of Celeste Nelson

Fractals in computer graphics



Matthew Ward, WPI
davis.wpi.edu/~matt/courses/fractals/trees.html

Fractals and chaos...

The connection: *many (most)* chaotic systems have fractal state-space structure.

But **not** "all."