

Collective sensing and intelligence in animal groups

ANDREW BERDAHL

SANTA **F**E **I**NSTITUTE

























Galton and the wisdom of crowds







NATURE









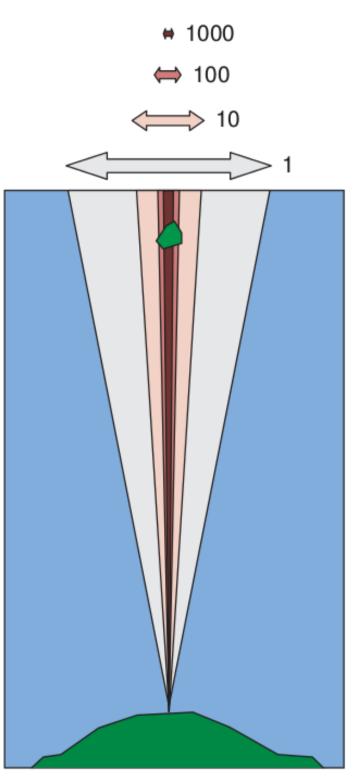
Many wrongs: the advantage of group navigation

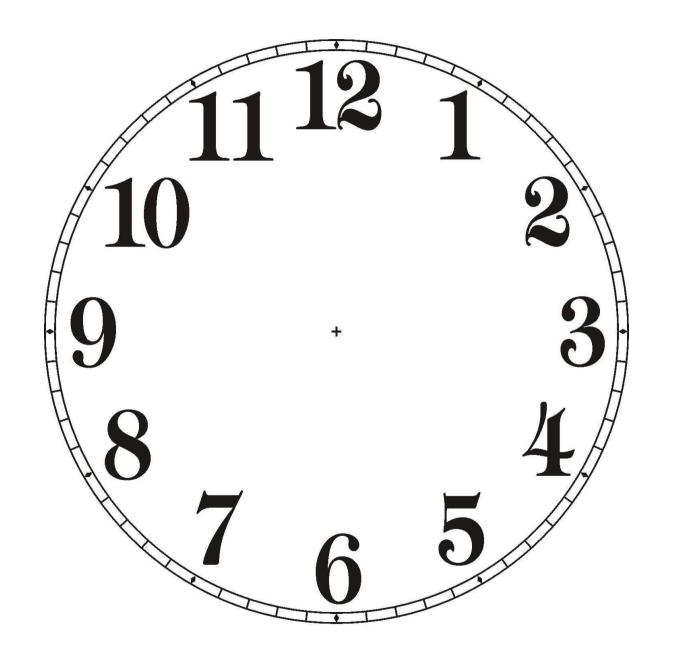
Andrew M. Simons

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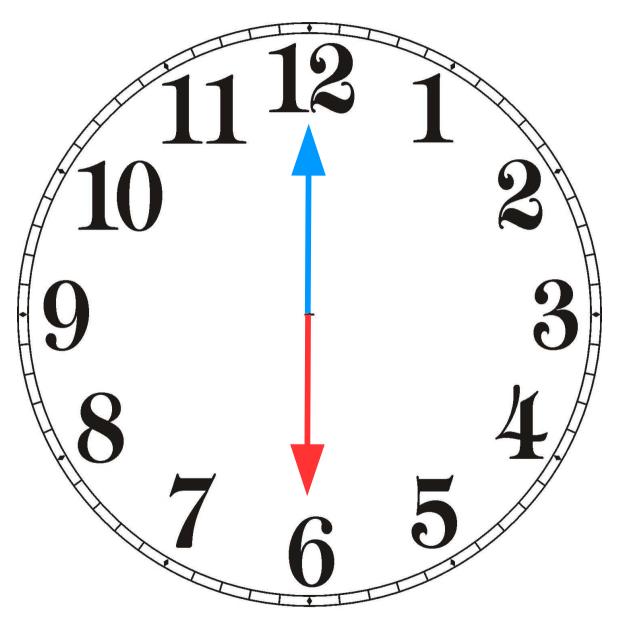






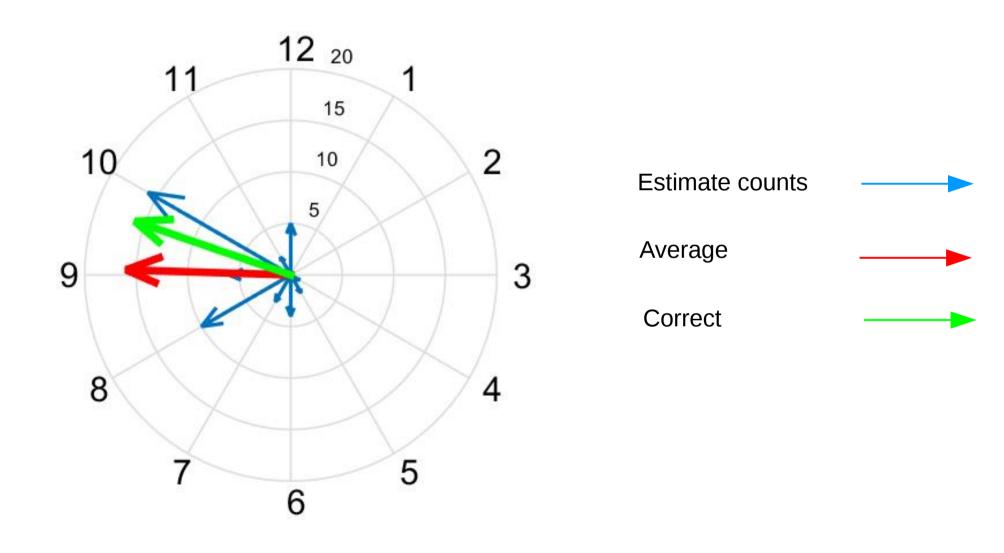


Front of room

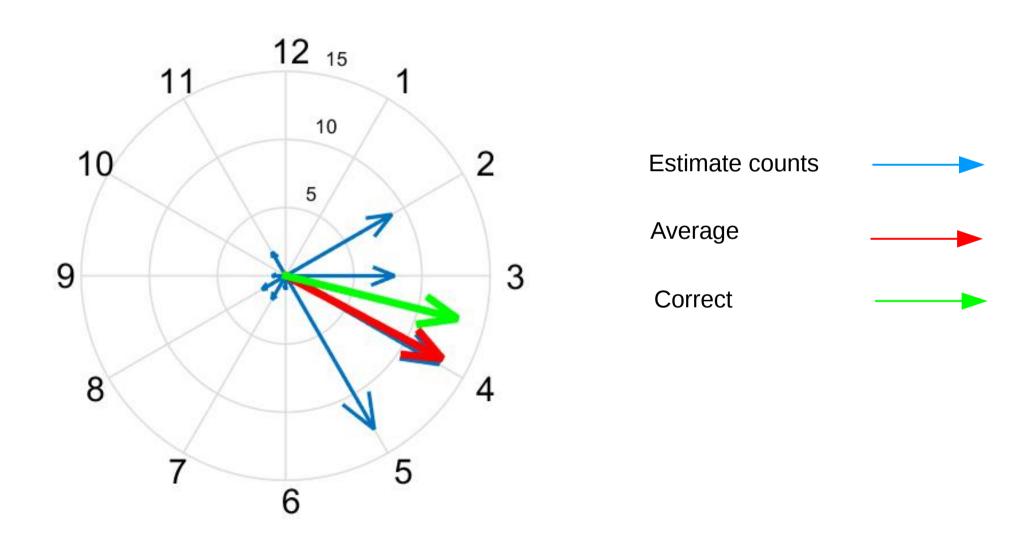


Back of room

direction to Albuquerque



direction to London



1000
₩ 100
₩ 100
10



Update

TRENDS in Ecology and Evolution Vol.19 No.9 September 2004

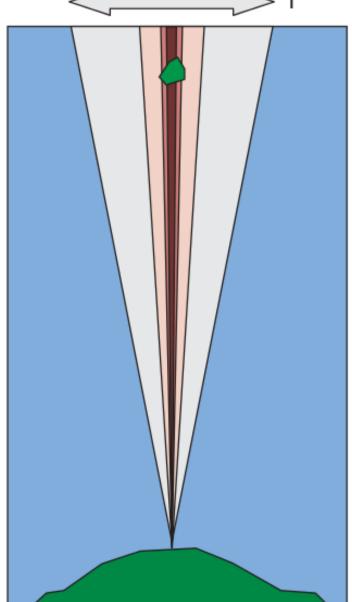
Full text provided by www.sciencedirect.com

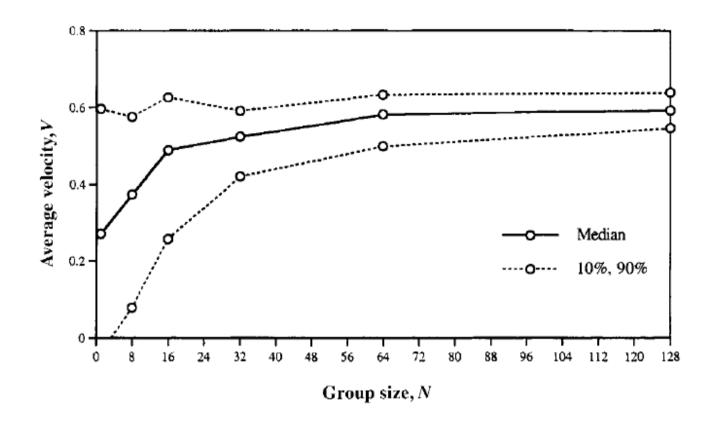
Research Focus

Many wrongs: the advantage of group navigation

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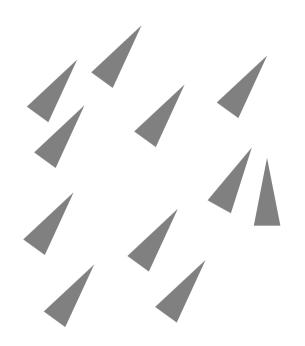


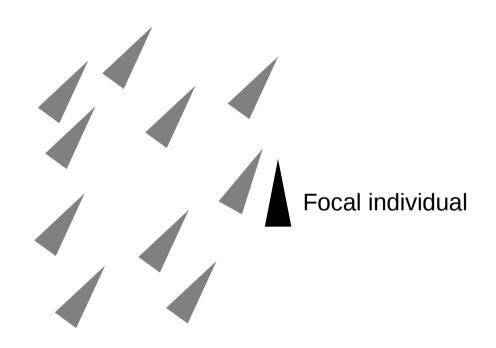
Evolutionary Ecology 1998, **12**, 503–522

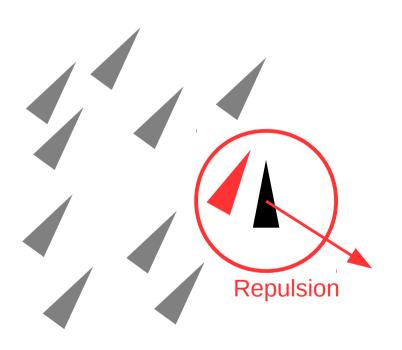
Schooling as a strategy for taxis in a noisy environment

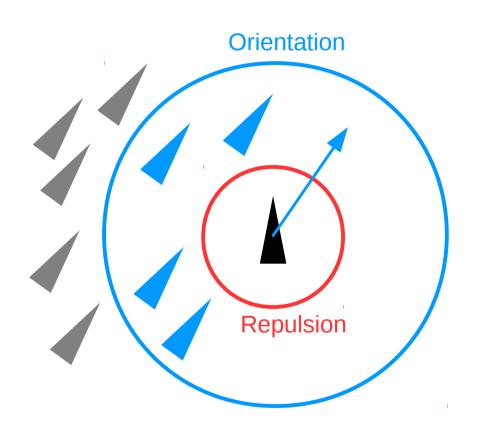
DANIEL GRÜNBAUM*

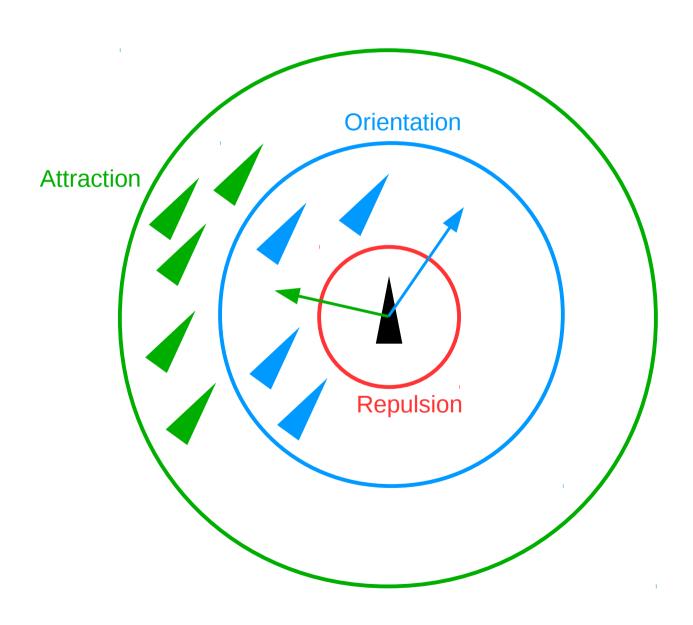
Department of Mathematics, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C. V6T 1Y4, Canada



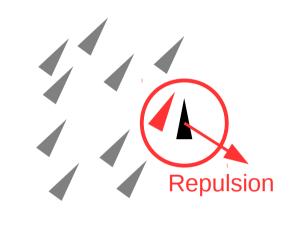


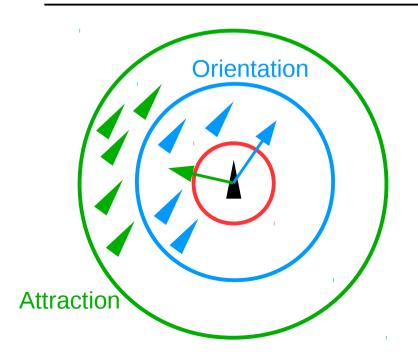






pseudo code





loop over individuals if(others in repulsion zone)

move away

elseif(others in attraction and orientation zones)

attract and orient

end %if

end %loop

collective intelligence: enhancement vs emergent

Enhancement

Individuals make errorprone estimates.

Pooling of information improves individual's noisy estimate.

"Many-wrongs"

collective intelligence: enhancement vs emergent

Enhancement

Individuals make errorprone estimates.

Pooling of information improves individual's noisy estimate.

"Many-wrongs"

Emergent

No individual-level estimate or strategy.

Awareness emerges at group-level.

Can group-level search emerge without any individual-level taxis?



Colin Torney

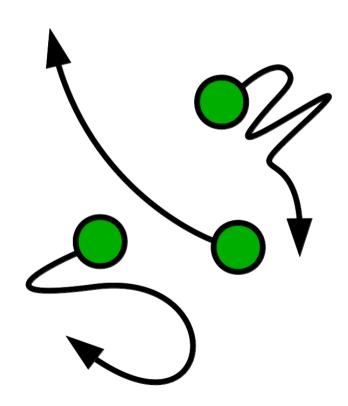


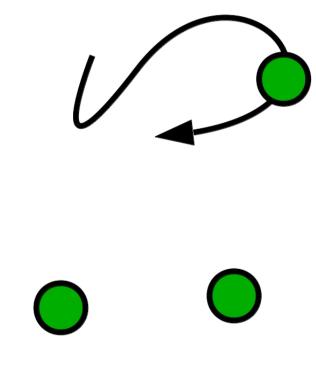
Iain Couzin

model

Agents perform random walk...



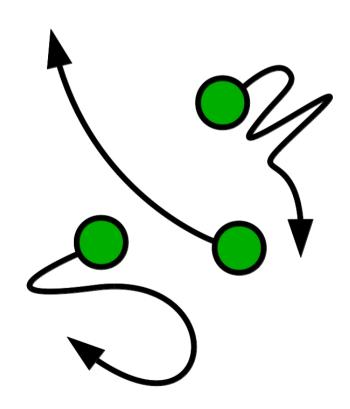


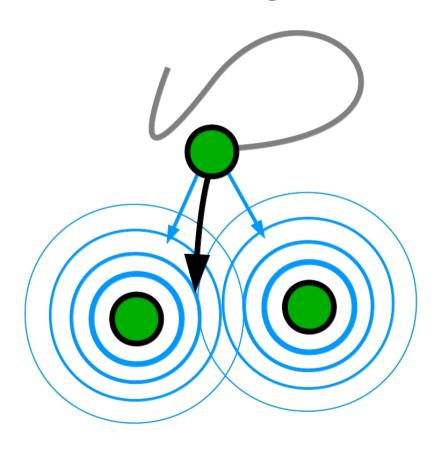


model

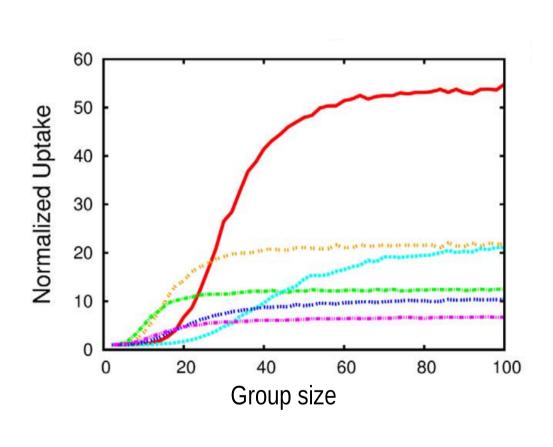
Agents perform random walk...

...with bias towards signals.

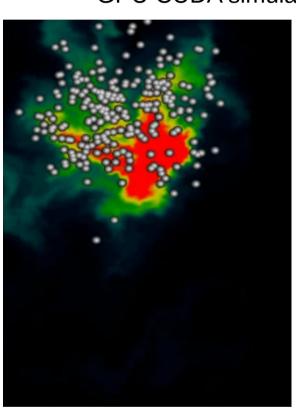




model: results

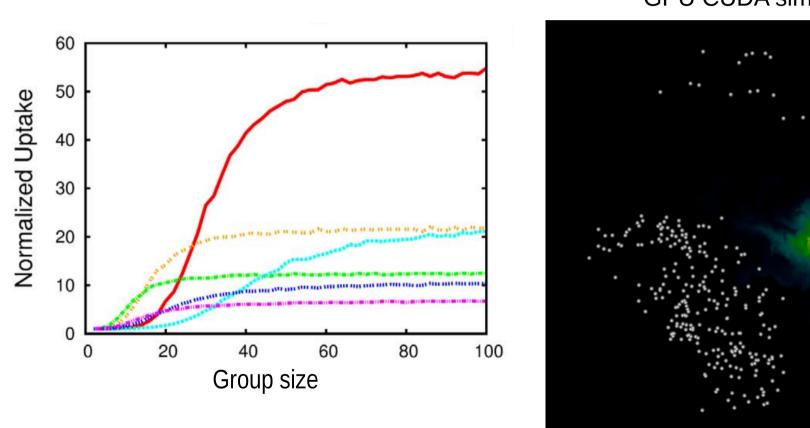


GPU CUDA simulation

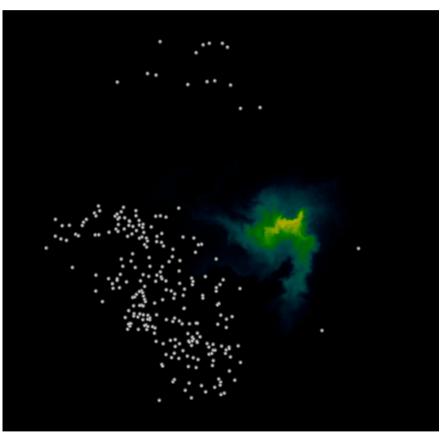


Torney, Berdahl & Couzin (2011) PLoS Computational Biology

model: results

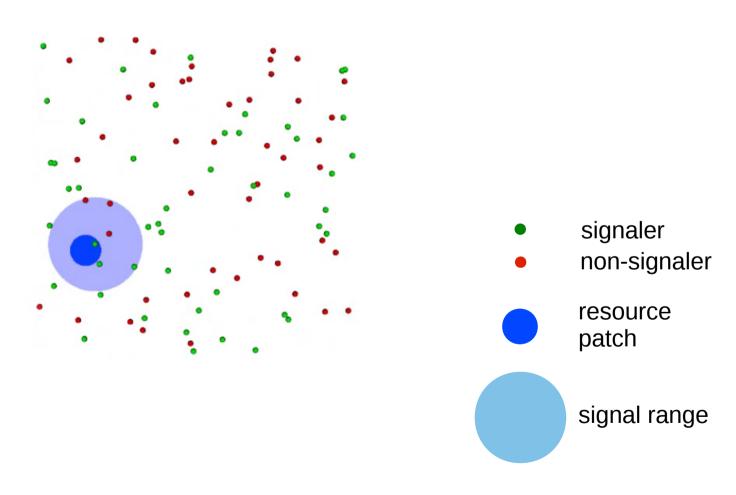


GPU CUDA simulation



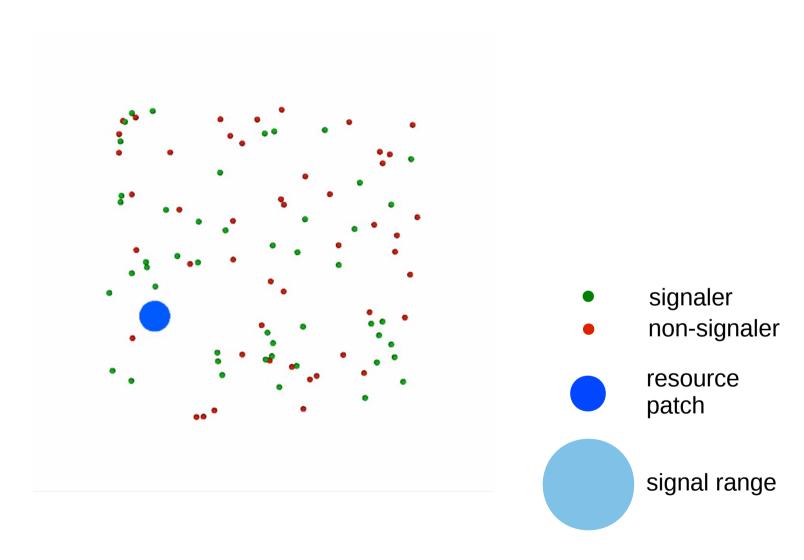
Torney, Berdahl & Couzin (2011) PLoS Computational Biology

reduced model



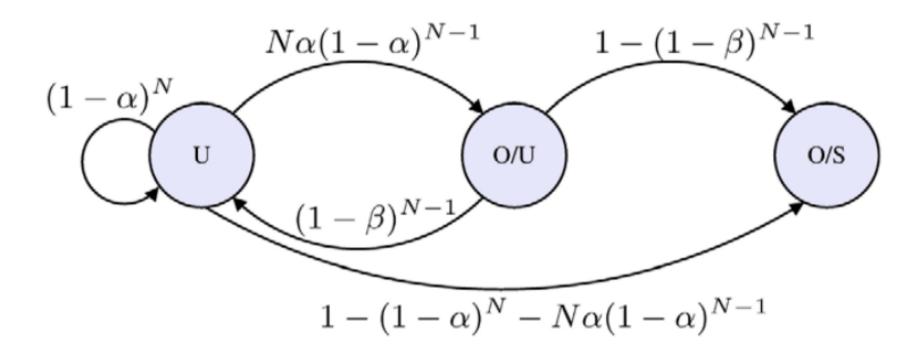
Torney, Berdahl & Couzin (2011) PLoS Computational Biology

reduced model



Torney, Berdahl & Couzin (2011) PLoS Computational Biology

markov model

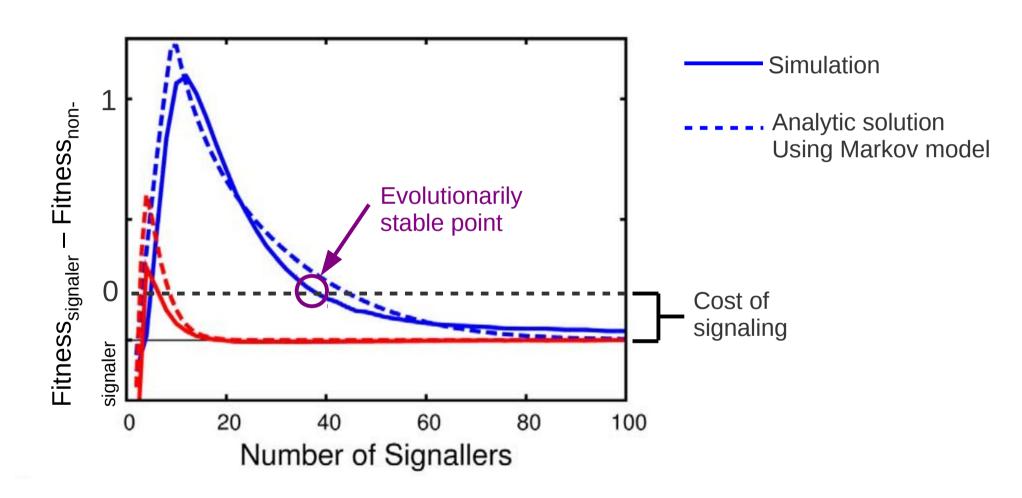


Unoccupied

Occupied Unstable

Occupied Stable

co-operation evolves



Torney, Berdahl & Couzin (2011) PLoS Computational Biology

Can group-level search emerge without any individual-level taxis?

Collective sensing emerges through co-operative signaling.

Even at a cost co-operative signaling is maintained by evolution in stochastic environments.

How do real animal groups sense complex environments?

How do real animal groups sense complex environments?



Colin Torney



Christos Ioannou

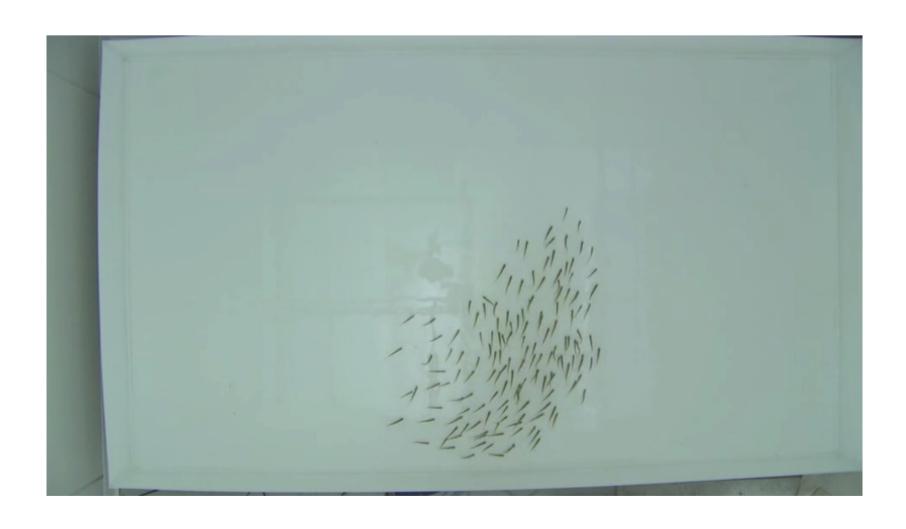


Jolyon Faria



Iain Couzin

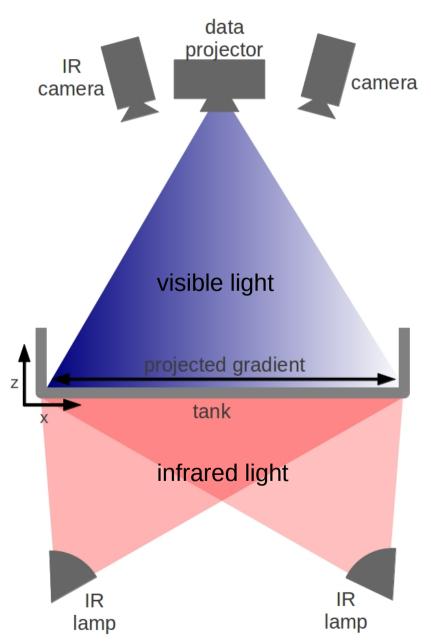
system: fish schools



system: fish schools



experimental set-up



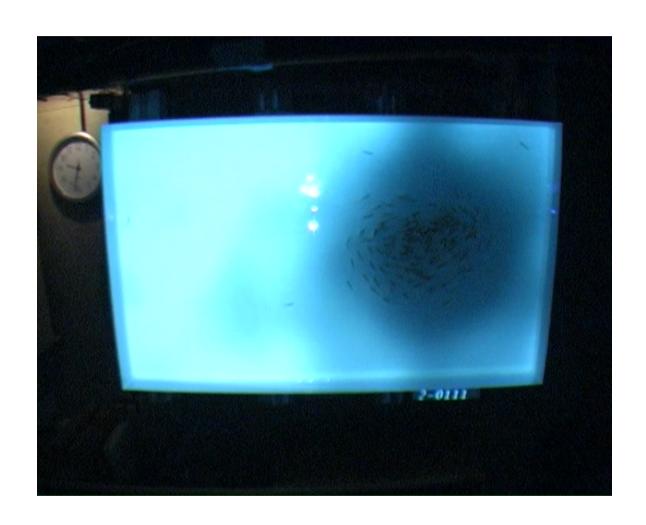




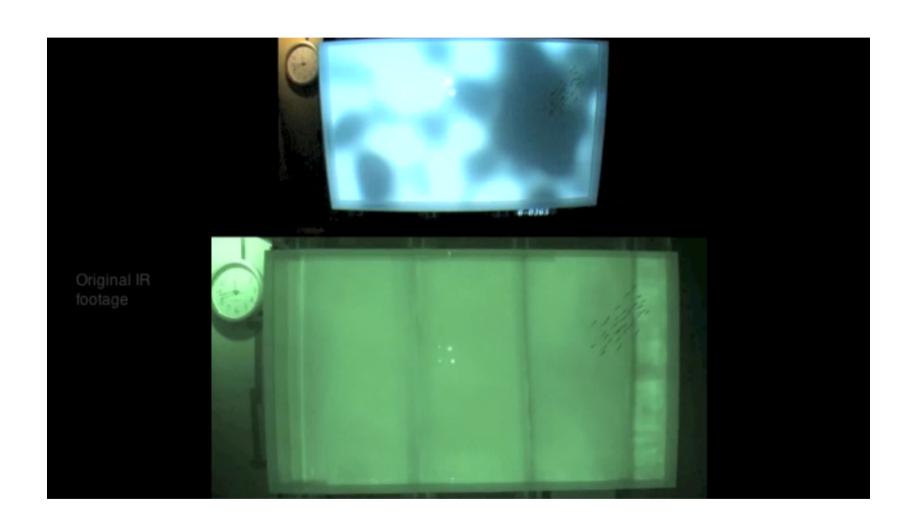
experimental trial



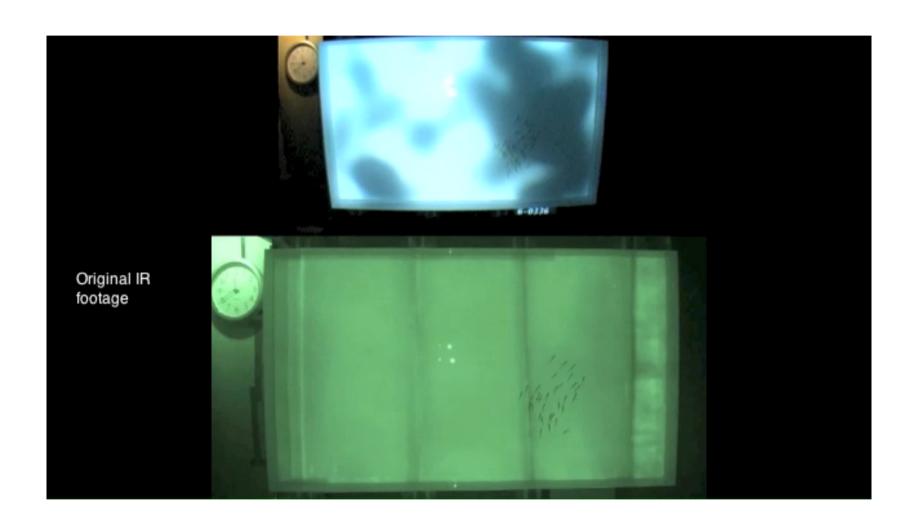
experimental trial



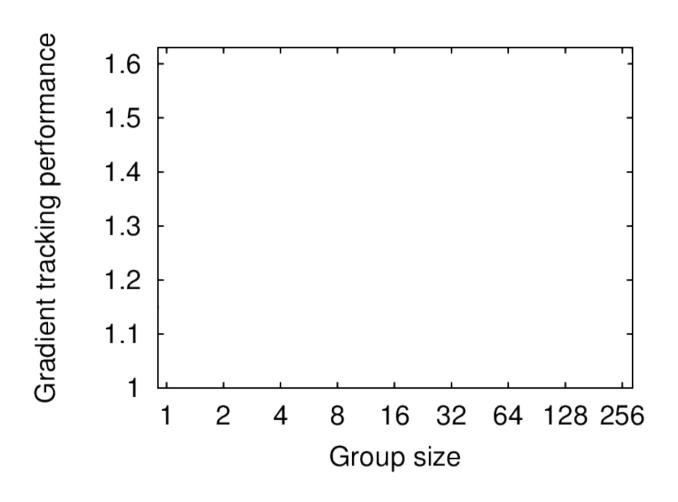
automated infrared tracking



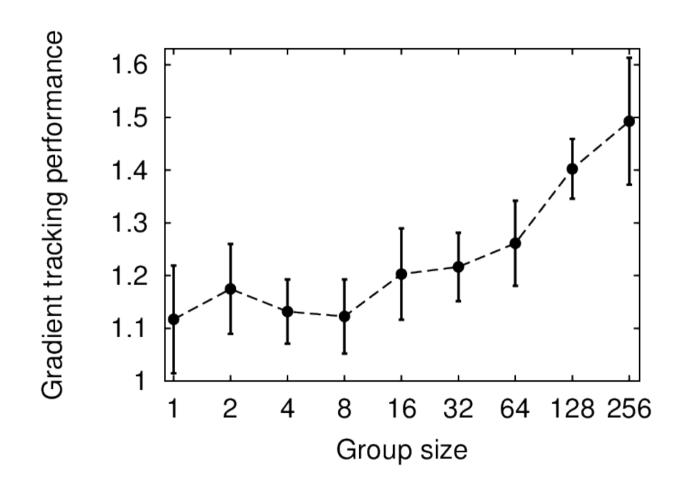
automated infrared tracking



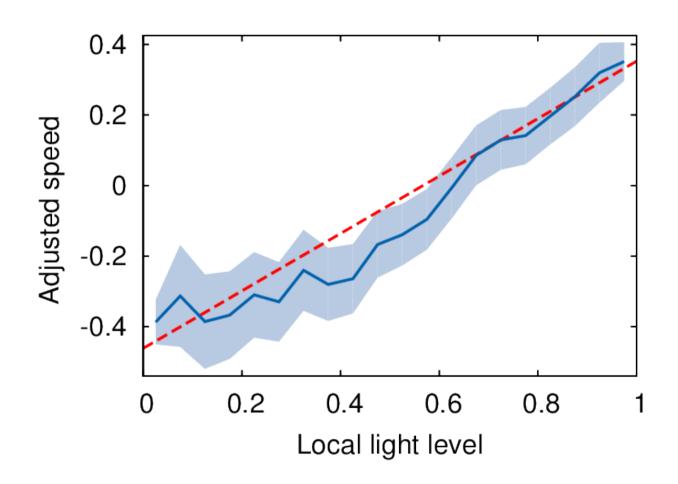
experimental results



experimental results: performance vs group size

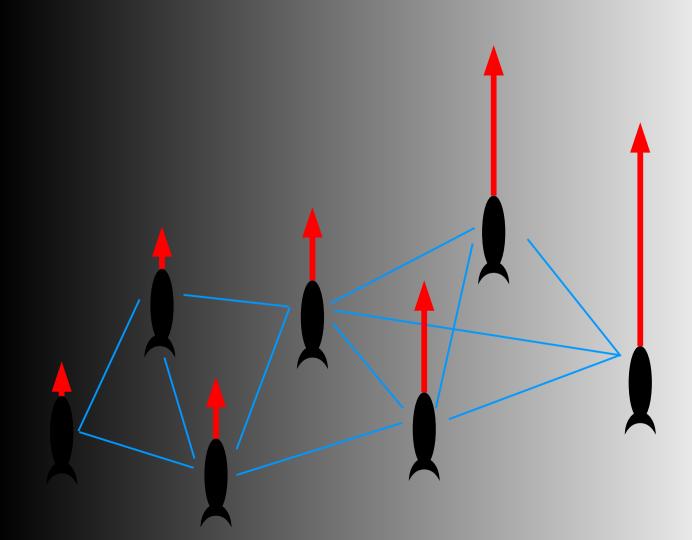


experimental results: swim speed vs light

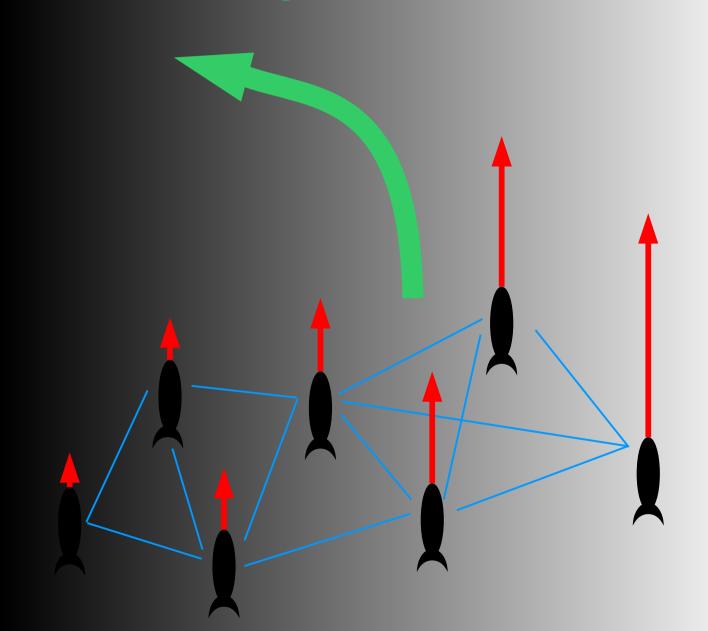


Can kinesis lead to emergent taxis?

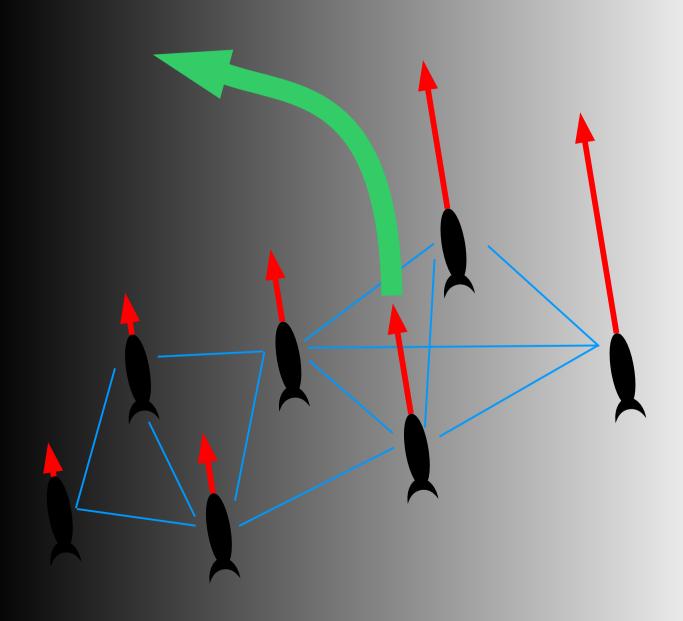
kinesis + social interactions =



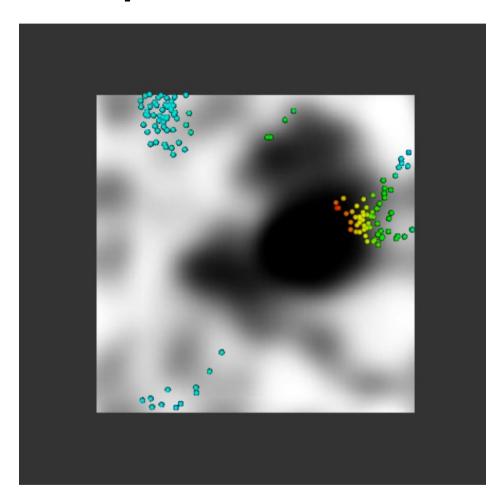
kinesis + social interactions = emergent taxis



kinesis + social interactions = emergent taxis

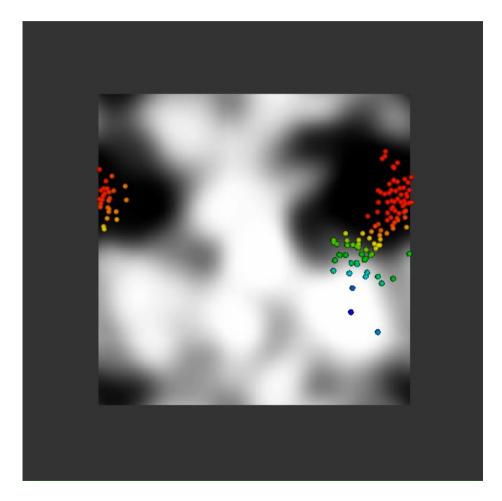


schooling simulation with speed modulation



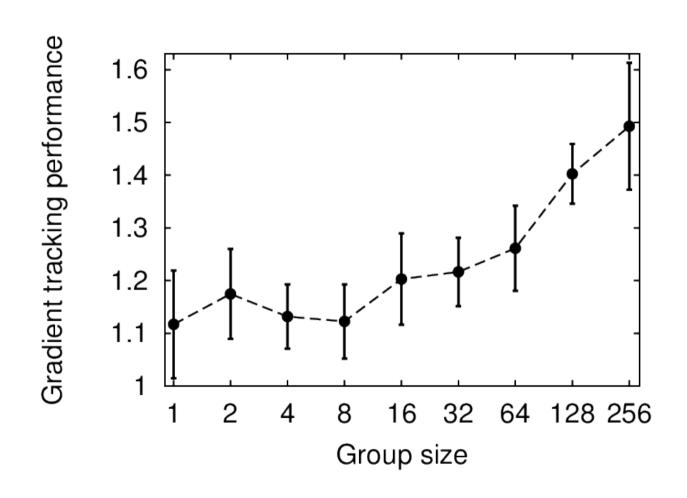
GPU CUDA simulation

schooling simulation with speed modulation

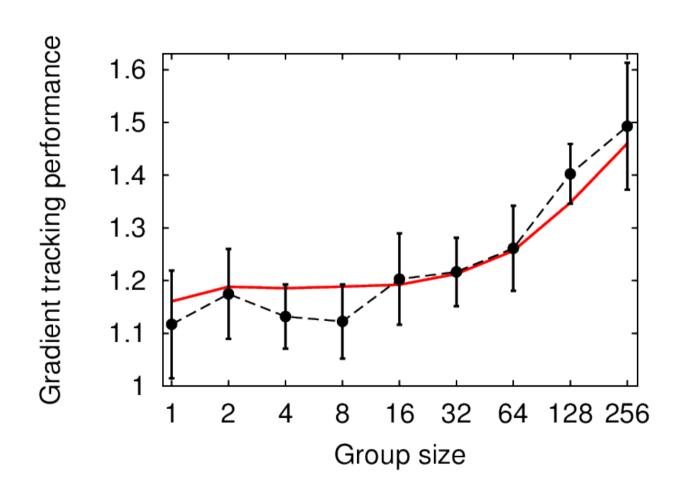


GPU CUDA simulation

experimental results



simulation results

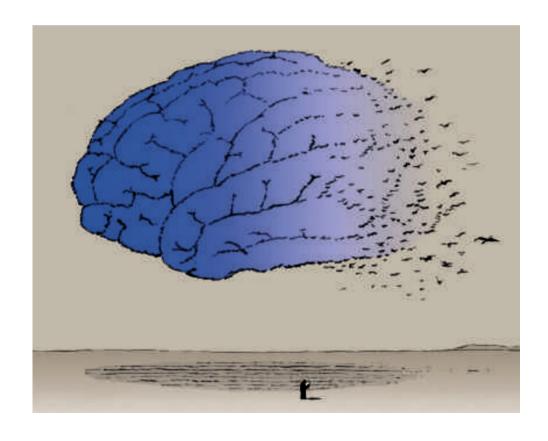


How do real animal groups sense complex environments?

Group acts as:

- a sensory array
- a distributed computer

Awareness only emerges at group-level.

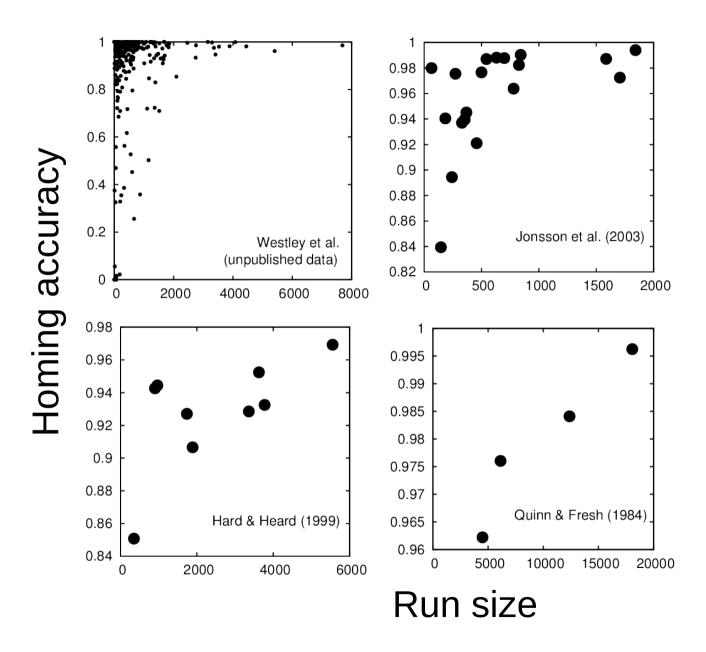












Berdahl et al. (2014) Fish & Fisheries

take home: collective intelligence

The "wisdom of crowds" in people is...

take home: collective intelligence

The "wisdom of crowds" in people is...

Group-level sensing/navigation/intelligence

- can emerge without any individual-level taxis
- is resistant to evolutionary invasion by defectors, even when costly
- is used by real animal groups

take home: agent based models

"Don't"s

"Do"s

Model extremely specific systems

Make quantitative predictions

take home: agent based models

"Don't"s

Model extremely specific systems

Make quantitative predictions

"Do"s

Build intuition about general effects (establish proofs-ofprinciple)

Explore qualitative patterns



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