Human and Insect Agriculture Codebook, Version 3 (28JAN16)

I. "Agricultural" practice variables

- VI.1 Selecting substrate (universal)
 - 1 = low specificity
 - 2 = moderate specificity
 - 3 = high specificity
 - 9 = missing

VI.2 Internal sustainability (harvested domesticates provide source for next crop cycle)

- 1 = 0 to 33%
- 2 = 34 to 67%
- 3 = 68 to 100%
- 9 = missing

VI.3 Planting crops

- 1 = low investment
- 2 = moderate investment
- 3 = high investment
- 9 = missing

VI.4 Preparing substrate

- 1 = low investment
- 2 = moderate investment
- 3 = high investment
- 9 = missing

VI.5 Dimensions of substrate

- 1 = 2d
- 2 = 3d
- 9 = missing

VI.6 Temporal variation in cultivation 1 = discrete (seasonal/crop

rotation/fallowing)

- 2 = continuous
- 9 = missing

VI.7 Diversity of domesticates (at a single location/within a single group)

- 1 = single domesticate
- 2 =two or three domesticates
- 3 =four or more domesticates
- 9 = missing

VI.8 Monitoring crops for disease or thieves/predators

- 1 = 0 to 33% of the time
- 2 = 34 to 67% of the time
- 3 = 68 to 100% of the time
- 9 = missing

VI.9 "Weeding": Physical removal of invasive pests/predators

- 1 = 0 to 33% of pests removed
- 2 = 34 to 67% of pests removed
- 3 = 68 to 100% of pests removed
- 9 = missing

VI.10 Engineering for optimal growth condition (climate control, watering, etc.)

- 1 = low investment
- 2 = moderate investment
- 3 = high investment
- 9 = missing

VI.11 Pests: Chemical control

- 1 = 0 to 33% of crops treated
- 2 = 34 to 67% of crops treated
- 3 = 68 to 100% of crops treated
- 9 = missing
- VI.12 Pests: Microbial control
 - 1 = 0 to 33% of crops treated
 - 2 = 34 to 67% of crops treated
 - 3 = 68 to 100% of crops treated
 - 9 = missing
- VI.13 Fertilizing: Organic
 - 1 = 0 to 33% of crops treated
 - 2 = 34 to 67% of crops treated
 - 3 = 68 to 100% of crops treated
 - 9 = missing

VI.14 Fertilizing: Synthetic chemical

- 1 = 0 to 33% of crops treated
- 2 = 34 to 67% of crops treated
- 3 = 68 to 100% of crops treated
- 9 = missing

VI.15 Reproductive isolation from freeliving populations (reproductive barriers)

- 1 = low isolation
- 2 = moderate isolation
- 3 = high isolation
- 9 = missing

VI.16 Controlling breeding partners (controlling recombination and sexual selection)

- 1 = low control
- 2 = moderate control
- 3 = extensive control
- 9 = missing

VI.17 Artificial selection for domesticate improvement

1 = no selection performed

2 = selection done, but less than annually

3 = selection common (annually or more frequent)

9 = missing

VI.18 Genetic engineering for domesticate improvement (e.g. GMO)

- 1 = absent
- 2 = present
- 9 = missing

II. Agriculture process variables

VII.1 Degree of dependence on domesticated resources (estimated through caloric intake or productive effort)

- 1 = 0 to 33% of crops
- 2 = 34 to 67% of crops
- 3 = 68 to 100% of crops
- 9 = missing
- **VII.2** Sociality
 - 1 = asocial/solitary
 - 2 = ultrasocial/communal
 - 3 = eusocial
 - 9 = missing
- VII.3 Task specialization
 - 1 = no agricultural task specialists
 - 2 =one or two specialists
 - 3 = three or more specialists
 - 9 = missing
- VII.4 Use of extrasomatic technology
 - 1 = absent
 - 2 = present
 - 9 = missing

VII.5 Use of somatic

technology/specialization

- 1 = absent
- 2 = present
- 9 = missing
- VII.6 Information transmission
 - 1 = genetic
 - 2 = developmental
 - 3 = traditional
 - 9 = missing
- VII.7 Storage of domesticates
 - 1 = absent
 - 2 = seasonal but less than a year
 - 3 = more than a year
 - 9 = missing

III Uses of domesticates variables

VIII.1 Subsistence foods

- 1 = absent
- 2 = present
- 9 = missing

VIII.2 Secondary foods

- 1 = absent
- 2 = present
- 9 = missing

VIII.3 "Drug" foods

- 1 = absent
- 2 = present
- 9 = missing

VIII.4 Raw materials

- 1 = absent
- 2 = present
- 9 = missing

VIII.5 Utensils

- 1 = absent
- 2 = present
- 9 = missing

VIII.6 Labor

- 1 = absent
- 2 = present
- 9 = missing

VIII.7 Protection

- 1 = absent
- 2 = present
- 9 = missing

VIII.8 Detoxification

- 1 = absent
- 2 = present
- 9 = missing

IV. Biological impacts of agriculture variables

VIV.1 Population density

- 1 = declines
- 2 = stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

VIV.2 Community size

- 1 = declines
- 2 = stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

VIV.3 Number of communities

- 1 = declines
- 2 =stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

VIV.4 Catchment area

- 1 = declines
- 2 = stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

VIV.5 Genetic changes

- 1 = absent
- 2 = present
- 9 = missing

VIV.6 Longevity

- 1 = declines
- 2 =stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

VIV.7 Age distribution

- 1 = declines
- 2 = stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

VIV.8 Sex ratios

- 1 =declines
- 2 =stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

VIV.9 Birth rate

- 1 =declines
- 2 = stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

VIV.10 Death rate

- 1 = declines
- 2 =stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

VIV.11 Age of reproduction

- 1 = declines
- 2 = stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

VIV.12 Density dependence

- 1 = declines
- 2 = stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

VIV.13 Pathogen load

- 1 = declines
- 2 = stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

VIV.14 Nutrition

- 1 =declines
- 2 =stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

- VIV.15 Zoonotics
 - 1 =declines
 - 2 = stable
 - 3 = increases
 - 9 = missing

VIV.16 "Wear and tear"

- 1 = declines
- 2 = stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

VIV.17 Plastic responses

- 1 = absent
- 2 = present
- 9 = missing

VIV.18 Microbiota

- 1 = declines
- 2 = stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

VIV.19 Ecological diversity

- 1 =declines
- 2 =stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

VIV.20 Ecological assemblage

- 1 = declines
- 2 = stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

V. "Sociocultural" impacts of agriculture variables

- VV.1 Sedentarism
 - 1 = declines
 - 2 = stable
 - 3 = increases
 - 9 = missing

VV.2 Intra-community communication/ coordination

- 1 = declines
- 2 = stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

VV.3 Inter-community communication/ coordination

- 1 = declines
- 2 = stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

VV.4 Intra-community territoriality/ ownership

- 1 = declines
- 2 = stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

VV.5 Inter-community territoriality/ ownership

- 1 = declines
- 2 = stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

VV.6 Intra-community violence

- 1 = declines
- 2 = stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

VV.7 Inter-community violence

- 1 = declines
- 2 = stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

VV.8 Intra-community exchange/ transmission/ diffusion

- 1 = declines
- 2 =stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

VV.9 Inter-community exchange/

- transmission/ diffusion
 - 1 =declines
 - 2 =stable
 - 3 = increases
 - 9 = missing

VV.10 Kinship structure

- 1 = declines
- 2 = stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

VV.11 Size of kin group

- 1 = declines
- 2 = stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

VV.12 Access to and control of resources

- 1 = declines
- 2 = stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

VV.13 Access to and control of

reproduction (social and physical)

- 1 = declines
- 2 = stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

VV.14 Access to leadership

- 1 = declines
- 2 = stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

VV.15 Differential survivorship

- 1 = declines
- 2 = stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

VV.16 Cultural evolutionary mechanisms for selection of behaviors and their transmission

- 1 = declines
- 2 = stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

VV.17 Genetic mechanisms for selection of behaviors and their transmission

- 1 = declines
- 2 = stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

VV.18 Diversity of tasks

- 1 = declines
- 2 = stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

VV.19 Specialization of tasks

- 1 = declines
- 2 = stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

VV.20 Informal social control mechanisms (religion/ tradition)

- 1 = declines
- 2 = stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

VV.21 Genetic social control mechanisms

- 1 = declines
- 2 = stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

VV.22 Communal social control

- mechanisms
 - 1 =declines
 - 2 =stable
 - 3 = increases
 - 9 = missing

VV.23 Authoritarian social control mechanisms

- 1 = declines
- 2 = stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

VV.24 Traditional coordination of labor and tasks (ritual/ religion/ mythology)

- 1 = declines
- 2 = stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

VV.25 Genetic coordination of labor and tasks

- 1 = declines
- 2 =stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

VV.26 Authoritarian coordination of labor and tasks

- 1 = declines
- 2 = stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing
- VV.27 Communal decision making
 - 1 = declines
 - 2 =stable
 - 3 = increases
 - 9 = missing

VV.28 Pheromonal communication

- 1 = declines
- 2 = stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

VV.29 Tactile communication

- 1 = declines
- 2 = stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

VV.30 Acoustic communication

- 1 = declines
- 2 = stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

VV.31 Visual communication

- 1 =declines
- 2 = stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

VV.32 Linguistic communication

- 1 = declines
- 2 = stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

VV.33 Written communication

- 1 = declines
- 2 = stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

VV.34 Environmental information extraction--observation / interaction

- 1 = declines
- 2 = stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

VV.35 Environmental information extraction--dedicated organic sensors

- 1 = declines
- 2 = stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

VV.36 Environmental information extraction--technological sensors

- 1 =declines
- 2 = stable
- 3 = increases
- 9 = missing

Index Variables

All index variables were constructed with standardized scores.

Cronbach's alpha was used to validate the indices.

Ag Process Index = $\sum ZV2.1$, ZV2.3, ZV2.4, ZV2.7; $\alpha = .822$

Ag Practice Index = $\sum ZV1.1$ -ZV1.10, ZV1.13, ZV1.15, ZV1.16; $\alpha = .941$

Ag Uses Index= $\sum ZV3.1$ -ZV3.6; $\alpha = .929$

Community Relations Index = $\sum ZV5.2$ -ZV5.9; $\alpha = .818$

Demographics Index = $\sum ZV4.1$, ZV4.2, ZV4.6-ZV4.9, ZV4.11; $\alpha = .903$

Ecological Index = $\sum ZV4.19$, ZV4.20; $\alpha = .911$

Health Index = \sum ZV4.13, ZV4.14, ZV4.16; α = .753

Social Control Index = $\sum ZV5.20$, ZV5.22-ZV5.24, ZV5.26; $\alpha = .749$

Specialization Index = $\sum ZV5.18$, ZV5.19; $\alpha = 1.0$